# Paper / Subject Code: 51605 / Mateial Technology

S.E. SEM III / MECH / CHOICE BASED / NOV 2018 / 17.12.2018

Time: 3 hours

Total marks:80

## NB: 1. Q.1 is compulsory

- 2. Solve any three from the remaining.
- 3. All questions carry equal marks

0.1	Answer	any	four	from	the	foll	lowing

20

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- 1. Hume–Rothary gave governing conditions for formation of solid solutions. Discuss the conditions.
- 2. Discuss the differences between slip and twinning.
- 3. Why FCC metals are more ductile than BCC and HCP metals?
- 4. What are nanomaterials? Discuss some of their applications.
- 5. What are limitations of Plain carbon steel? Explain the effect of alloys on phase transformations.

### Q.2

- 1. Define critical cooling rate. Describe various cooling curves on TTT diagram. What factors affect critical cooling rate?
- 2. Draw Fe-Fe<sub>3</sub>C equilibrium diagram and label the temperatures, composition and phases.

### Q.3

- 1. Describe the cooling of the eutectoid steel from liquid state to room temperature. Calculate the phases in the pearlite obtained at room temperature.
- 2. Describe the micro-structures for: (i) White cast iron (ii) Malleable cast iron (iii) Grey cast iron (iv) Nodular cast iron (v) Mild steel

#### 0.4

- 1. What is strain hardening? Explain the phenomenon on the basis of dislocation theory.
- 2. What is fatigue of metals? Explain the method of testing metals for fatigue.
- 3. Define creep. Draw the creep curve and explain the stages of creep.

#### 0.5

- 1. Explain critical resolved shear stress (CRSS) and derive an expression for the same.

  What is the effect of alloying and temperature on the CRSS of any system.
- 2. What is Hardenability? What are factors affecting hardenability? Explain Jominy End Quench test.

### 10

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### Q.6 Answer any four-

- 1. Discuss the importance of recrystallization annealing.
- 2. A slowly cooled steel contains 50% ferrite and 50% pearlite at room temperature. Determine the amount of total ferrite and cementite present in the alloy.
- 3. Calculate the upper bound and lower bound values for density and Young's moduli for a composite made of silicon carbide particles with volume fraction of 0.2 and aluminium matrix. Given that the density of SiC and Al is 3.15 and 2.70 Mg/m³respectively and their modulus is 420 and 70GPa respectively.
- 4. What are smart materials? Where are they used?
- 5. Discuss the principle and practice of Nitriding.

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